# Analysis of Effectiveness of Online Learning Pandemic Covid-19 in Prosthetic Orthotic Major in Polkesta

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**ABSTRACT / ABSTRAK** 

# Article Info

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#### Keyword:

Covid-19 Orthotic Prosthetic Online Learning Indonesia Polkesta Background: Prosthetic Orthotics Major in Polkesta conducts online lectures in order to support government efforts in the even semester 2019/2020, starting from March 2020 until the end of the even semester. Several online applications are used in support of online lectures. Method: This study was conducted to analyze the effectiveness of online learning during the covid19 pandemic in the orthotic prosthetic Major in Polkesta Indonesia. This is quantitative descriptive study. This research uses survey method using online Google Form questionnaire. The population is students of Prosthetic Orthotic Major, There are 322 respondents who are willing to contribute in the research. Results: there are 67 % of students felt less effective, 14% of students felt ineffective, 20 % of students felt effective. Applications used by students and felt to be effective are Google meet, google classroom, WhatsApp Group. Learning methods using Life video conferencing are felt to be the most effective Conclusion: online learning process in the prosthetic orthotic major is not felt to be quite effective by students.

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

Unforeseen circumstances in the form of the plague covid-19 disease have brought urgent changes in various sectors. The development of the virus is rapidly spreading throughout the world. Every day data in the world tells us of increasing coverage and impact of covid19. Indonesia also entered in a state of national emergency. The death rate due to Corona has continued to increase since it was first announced there were people who were positively affected by the covid-19 virus in early March 2020. This affected changes and policy reforms to be implemented. New policies also occur in the world of education to change learning that must come to class or a building, in this case the campus, to be enough at home. The government's recommendation to stay at home and physical and social distribution must be followed by a change in face-to-face learning mode to online.

The government of Indonesia implements a policy that is Work From Home (WFH). This policy is an effort, which is applied to the community in order to be able to finish all the work at home. Education in Indonesia has become one areas affected due to pandemic covid-19.

With the limitation of interaction, Mr. Nadiem Makarim, Minister of Education in Indonesia also issued a policy that is to dismantle schools and replace the Teaching and Learning process using an online system base<sup>1</sup>.

Stated that in general, face-to-face learning has various advantages over teachers and students, including: 1. Formal discipline applied to face-to-face learning can form mental discipline; 2. Facilitating the provision of reinforcement immediately; 3. Facilitating the assessment process by teachers; 4. Become a vehicle for learning to interact with students. Another plus is the ability of socialization between lecturers / tutors and students, and among peers. Not only that, lecturers can directly observe the attitudes and behavior of students in receiving material<sup>2</sup>.

By using this online learning system, sometimes problems arise by students and lecturers, such as unfinished subject matter delivered by the lecturer and then the lecturer replaces with other assignments. This is a complaint for students because there are more assignments given by lecturers.

Various distance learning media were tried and used. The tools that can be used as online learning media include: google classroom, Google Form, whatsapp group and other media.

Online learning in the Prosthetic Orthotic Major Poltekkes Kemenkes Surakarta (Polkesta) began to be carried out since March 2020. Therefore researcher is interested in conducting research on Analysis of the Effectiveness of Online Learning Pandemic Covid-19 in Prosthetic Orthotic Department of Polkesta.

## 2. RESEARCH METHOD

This research is a quantitative descriptive study using survey methods conducted online<sup>3</sup>. Primary data collection was carried out by distributing Google form questionnaires online to 322 students of Prosthetic Orthotic Major Polkesta. Data obtained through filling in questions that are shared with all respondents in the form of google form. Then the collected data was analyzed and described.

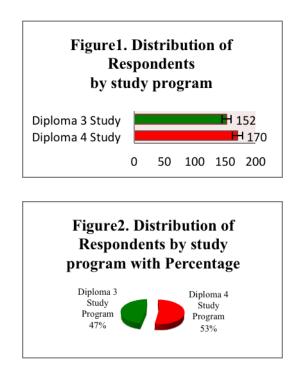
The components contained in the questionnaire consisted of several questions, namely (1) Do you understand online learning at the time of the Covid19 Pandemic; (2) Do you think online learning at Prosthetic Orthotic Major Polkesta was effective; (3) Which online application is used for online learning that is effective in your opinion; (4) Which online learning model do you feel effective; (5) Types of assignments that make you understand during online learning; (6) What media do you use when implementing online learning; (7) are there any obstacles when you carry out online learning (8) What obstacles do you face when implementing learning.

# 3. RESULTS AND ANALYSIS

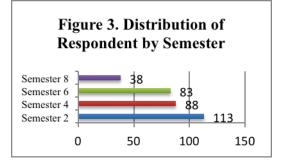
## **Brief Profile of Respondents**

This research was conducted in June 2020 at the Department of Prosthetic Orthotic, Health Polytechnic Surakarta Ministry of Health Indonesia, which is known as POLKESTA. The population is students of Prosthetic Orthotic Major; there are 322 respondents who are willing to participate in the research. Google form questioner is distributed online to student class groups. Respondents who have participated are 322 students. Respondents consisted of 152 student Diploma 3 Prosthetic Orthotic Students, and 170 student Diploma 4 Prosthetic Orthotic Students as shown in Figure 1.

The respondents consisted of 152 Diploma 47% Prosthetic Orthotic Students, and 53% Diploma 4 Prosthetic Orthotic Students as shown in Figure 2.



Respondents consisted of 38 students in semester 8, 83 students in semester 6, 88 students in semester 4, and 113 students in semester 2 as shown in Figure 3.



The respondents consisted of 1 students 26 years old (0,31%), 2 students 23 years old (1,24%), 34 students 22 years old (10,56%), 60 students 21 years old (18,63%), 102 students 20 years old (31,68%), 94 students 19 years old (8,39%), 27 students 18 years old (8,39%), as shown in Table 1.

Table 1.	Distribution	of Responde	nt by Age

	-	
Age	f %	
Age 26	1	0,31%
Age 23	4	1,24%
Age 22	34	10,56%
Age 21	60	18,63%
Age 20	102	31,68%
Age 19	94	29,19%
Age 18	27	8,39%
	322	100,00%

The respondents consisted of 79 Males students (25 %), 243 Female students (75%) as shown in Table 2.

		-	-
Gender			
Gender	f	%	
Male	,	79	25%
Female	24	43	75%
	31	22	100%

Table 2. Distribution of Respondent by

Online learning conditions

Online learning conditions discussed consist of understanding online learning, effectiveness of online learning, applications used online learning, online learning models, types of assignments in online learning, online learning media, constraints of online learning during the Covid-19 pandemic.

The results of this study note that respondents answered varied questions. Table 3 explains that as many as 111 of students (34,47%) did understand online learning, students who Not Really understand online learning were 192 Students (59%) and there were 18 students (5,59%) who did not understand online learning during the Covid-19 pandemic.

Table 3. Understanding of Online Learning during the Covid-19 Pandemic

Description	f	%	
Understand	111		34,47%
Not Really			
Understand	193		59,94%
Do Not Understand	18		5,59%
	322		100,00%

Based on the Table 4 that online learning during the Covid-19 pandemic was less effective are 215 students (67%), while students who felt effective with online learning were 63 students (20%) and 44 of students (14%) felt online learning during the Covid pandemic -19 is ineffective.

Table 4. Effectiveness of Online Learning during the Covid-19 Pandemic

Description	f	%	
effective		63	20%
Less-effective		215	67%
ineffective		44	14%
		322	100%

Effective online learning uses several learning applications namely Google Meet according to 101 students (31.37%), Google Class Room according to 87 students (27.02%), WhatsApp Group According to 82 students (25.47%) Zoom 34 Students (10.56%), Youtube according to 14 students (4.35%) and Elearning Polkesta according to 4 students (0.93%) as shown in table 5.

Table 5. Effective Applications for Online Learning during the Covid-19 Pandemic

Application	f	%
Google Meet	101	31,37%
Google Class Room	87	27,02%
Whats App Group	82	25,47%
zoom	34	10,56%
Youtube	14	4,35%
Elearning Polkesta	4	0,93%
	322	100,00%

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Effective online learning also besides using applications also uses several learning models. There are 4 learning models used by the Department of Prosthetic Orthotic to support online learning including video conferencing, videos, modules / books and jobsheets. From the 4 online learning models used by Live Video Conference, the number one selected by students so that learning becomes effective is 40.37%, then followed by Video Recording of 29.19%, and the 3rd is a learning model with modules / books of 21.12% while the Job Sheet is only 9.32% as shown in table 6.

Table 6. Effective Online Learning Models during the Covid-19 Pandemic

Description	f	%
Job Sheet	30	9,32%
	13	
Live Video Conference	0	40,37%
Modul / Buku	68	21,12%
Video	94	29,19%
	32	
	2	100,00%

Furthermore, there are survey results about the types of effective tasks carried out in online learning during the Covid-19 epidemic. The types of effective tasks in online learning are the types of tasks Make a Poster occupies the first order of 42.47% and the second order is to make Essay question is 30.42%, the type of assignment answering Multiple Choice Questions is only 18.07%, while the type of task makes a paper is 9.04% as shown in table 7.

Table 7. Types of Online Learning Assignments during the Covid-19 Pandemic

Description	f	%
Make a Paper	30	9,04%
Multiple Choice Questions	60	18,07%
Essay question	101	30,42%
Make a Poster	141	42,47%
	332	100,00%

The choice of media used by students for online learning during the Covid-19 pandemic is 232 students phones (72%), Laptops 90 students (28%).

Table 8. Online Learning Media during the Covid-19 Pandemic

Media	f	%
Handphone	232	72%
Laptop	90	28%
	322	100%

Students experiencing some problems in online learning, 258 students (80.12%) stated Slightly Constrained, 44 students (13.66%) stated Very Constrained, and only 20 students (6.21%) stated that there are no obstacles.

Table 9. Constraints Level in Online Learning during the Covid-19 Pandemic

Description	f	%
Very Constrained	44	13,66%
Slightly Constrained	258	80,12%
No obstacles	20	6,21%
	322	100,00%

Based on Table 10 shows facility constraints in online learning during the Covid-19 pandemic. The obstacle faced by students in online learning is as much as 57,68% of students experience a slow Internet network, while 42,32% of students face online learning constraints because of limited quota.

Constraint	f	%
Slow internet network	184	57,68%
Limited quota	135	42,32%
	319	100,00%

## Discussion

Online learning is a solution to continue carrying out teaching and learning activities between lecturers and students, without having to meet face to face on campus. There are several other studies related to this research.

E-learning is a learning model that utilizes information and communication technology facilities and distance learning is carried out by utilizing information technology using electronic devices, namely laptops, computers and gadgets with the use of internet, elearning, google class, whatsapp media as a means of communication and zoom applications, You Tube is the most widely used in teaching and learning.

Khasanah<sup>4</sup> conducted research under the title Education in the Covid-19 Pandemic Period, conducted with a population drawn from 100 students of the Semarang Open University, Batang District from various semesters. The results of the study showed 82% of students supported and were increasingly enthusiastic in preparing technology for a new mode of learning using webinar tutorials.

Pakpahan<sup>5</sup> conduct research entitled "Analysis of the Utilization of Information Technology in Distance Learning in the Middle of Corona Covid-19 Pandemic Virus" the use of information technology has a very important role in the implementation of distance learning in the midst of the corona covid19 virus pandemic19, the learning process can work well with technical information that has been growing rapidly at this time including elearning, google class, WhatsApp, zoom and other information media and internet networks that can connect lecturers and students so that the teaching and learning process can run properly as it should even in the midst of the corona COVID-19 virus pandemic.

Albitar Septian Syarifudin<sup>6</sup> conducted a study entitled "Implementation of Online Learning to Improve the Quality of Education as an Impact of Social Distancing" Online learning is learning done using the internet as a place to channel knowledge. This form of learning can be done anytime and anywhere without being bound by time and without having to meet face to face. In the era of online learning technology development is increasingly sophisticated with a variety of applications and features that make it easier for users. Time bound and done without meeting face to face are the advantages of online learning that can be utilized by educators. As is happening today, online learning is the only choice of forms of learning that can be done by educators in the event of a natural disaster or global pandemic. Indonesia applies social distance in all aspects of life including education. Therefore, online learning can be said to be the only learning choice that can be done by educators to improve the quality of learning in Indonesia.

Online Learning is a continuation of Learning in the network (online) with learning patterns through the help of the internet so that there will be interaction of teaching and learning activities between students and lecturers Online learning also utilizes information technology. One of the features that will often be used by lecturers in using google classroom is create assignments that function to give assignments to students. in addition there are features that create topics that are no less interesting than other features that can be used to create lecture topics that will be discussed in a virtual classroom google classroom so students can actively participate in lectures both in regular classes conducted directly in person and in the classroom google classroom <sup>7</sup>.

The Definition of the live conference according to Mansyur <sup>8</sup> is a seminar, presentation, teaching or workshop conducted online, face-to-face online delivered via the internet and can be attended by many people in different locations, in webinar activities a person can interact directly through images (video) or text (chat).

According to Agron <sup>9</sup> who argues on the emphasis on the key to the success of a live conference that live conference targeted at demographically suitable participants with the right message and content are a great way to build your leadership and thought values so they want to talk to you after the live conference. He also added that a webinar is considered ready to use when all moving parts and logistics have been smoothly coordinated to present interesting events with predictable results that meet or exceed participants' expectations. The students could follow and understand the material provided in the co-19 pandemic.

Research conducted by Deden Sutrisna <sup>10</sup> shows that the literacy ability of students can be seen from the use of new media, one of which is Google Classrom. This internet literacy ability is able to make students more connected to new media.

Learning online with Zoom and WhatsApp is only effective for theoretical and theoretical and practical courses, whereas in online lecture practice and course subjects are less effective.

## 4. CONCLUSION

Based on the results of the study note that the online teaching and learning process in the prosthetic orthotic major is not felt to be quite effective by students. Applications used by students and felt to be effective are Google meet, google classroom, WhatsApp Group. Learning methods using Life video conferencing are felt to be the most effective as well as video and module books. The most types of online assignments are poster making and essay writing. Most students use the Mobile Phone media to access the online teaching and learning process. Students feel quite constrained in online learning. Problems felt by students are slow Internet network and limited quota.

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